WHAT IS



NATURAL LATEX?



WHAT IS THE

DIFFERENCE

BETWEEN

DUNLOP

AND

TALALAY?



Natural Latex is a milky substance harvested from rubber tree plants.

Harvesting the liquid latex is similar to tapping trees for maple syrup.

The trees are not harmed, providing a sustainable resource. Natural Latex is bio-degradable and naturally resistant to mold, mildew & bacteria.

THE TWO TYPES OF LATEX ARE NAMED AFTER THE MANUFACTURING PROCESSES USED TO MAKE THEM.

DUNLOP

The traditional Dunlop process has been used in latex manufacture since 1929. The thick rubber sap, or serum, is whipped into a froth in a centrifuge, poured into a mold, covered, and steam baked. Natural sediments in the mixture settle to the bottom of the mold. This makes every Dunlop layer slightly firmer on its bottom side.

TALALAY

The Talalay process adds two steps. After the latex is poured, the mold is sealed and the process is continued in a vacuum chamber. The mold is then flash-frozen before it's baked. Talalay latex has a more consistent cell structure from top to bottom and edge to edge. It is also more expensive than Dunlop. All Talalay pieces wider than 40" are seamed with a safe, natural latex glue. Seam locations will vary.

WHICH IS BETTER?

We can say with confidence that neither is superior to the other. Dunlop is denser, which makes it a bit firmer overall than Talalay. Talalay is a good choice if you'd like a pillowysoft surface "feel". What matters is which type, or which combination, will create the right comfort and support for your needs. Both make a fine mattress and are extremely pure in comparison to conventional mattress materials.